To authorize a comprehensive, strategic approach for United States foreign assistance to developing countries to strengthen global health security, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Murphy (for himself and Mr. Romney) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To authorize a comprehensive, strategic approach for United States foreign assistance to developing countries to strengthen global health security, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Global Health Security
- 5 Act of 2020".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) In December 2009, President Obama re-
- 9 leased the National Strategy for Countering Biologi-

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cal Threats, which listed, as 1 of 7 objectives, "Promote global health security: Increase the availability of and access to knowledge and products of the life sciences that can help reduce the impact from outbreaks of infectious disease whether of natural, accidental, or deliberate origin.".

(2) In February 2014, the United States and nearly 30 other nations launched the Global Health Security Agenda (referred to in this section as "GHSA") to address several high-priority, global infectious disease threats. The GHSA is a multi-faceted, multi-country initiative intended to accelerate partner countries' measurable capabilities to achieve specific targets to prevent, detect, and respond to infectious disease threats, whether naturally occurring, deliberate, or accidental.

(3) In 2015, the United Nations adopted the Sustainable Development Goals, which specifically reference the importance of global health security as part of Goal 3, "ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages", by "strengthen[ing] the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks".

1	(4) On November 4, 2016, President Obama
2	signed Executive Order 13747 (81 Fed. Reg. 78701,
3	relating to Advancing the Global Health Security
4	Agenda to Achieve a World Safe and Secure from
5	Infectious Disease Threats.
6	(5) In October 2017, at the GHSA Ministerial
7	Meeting in Uganda, the United States and more
8	than 40 GHSA member countries supported the
9	"Kampala Declaration" to extend the GHSA for an
10	additional 5 years to 2024.
11	(6) In December 2017, President Trump re-
12	leased the National Security Strategy, which in-
13	cludes the priority action: "DETECT AND CON-
14	TAIN BIOTHREATS AT THEIR SOURCE: We
15	will work with other countries to detect and mitigate
16	outbreaks early to prevent the spread of disease. We
17	will encourage other countries to invest in basic
18	health care systems and to strengthen global health
19	security across the intersection of human and animal
20	health to prevent infectious disease outbreaks.".
21	(7) In September 2018, President Trump re-
22	leased the National Biodefense Strategy, which in-
23	cludes the following objectives:

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1	(A) "Strengthen global health security ca-
2	pacities to prevent local bioincidents from be-
3	coming epidemics.".
4	(B) "Strengthen international prepared-
5	ness to support international response and re-
6	covery capabilities.".
7	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
8	It is the policy of the United States—
9	(1) promote global health security as a core na-
10	tional security interest;
11	(2) advance the aims of the Global Health Se-
12	curity Agenda;
13	(3) collaborate with other countries to detect
14	and mitigate outbreaks early to prevent the spread
15	of disease;
16	(4) encourage other countries to invest in basic
17	resilient and sustainable health care systems; and
18	(5) strengthen global health security across the
19	intersection of human and animal health—
20	(A) to prevent infectious disease outbreaks;
21	and
22	(B) to combat the growing threat of anti-
23	microbial resistance

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1	SEC. 4. GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY AGENDA INTERAGENCY
2	REVIEW COUNCIL.
3	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
4	a Global Health Security Agenda Interagency Review
5	Council (referred to in this section as the "Council") to
6	perform the general responsibilities described in sub-
7	section (c) and the specific roles and responsibilities de-
8	scribed in subsection (e).
9	(b) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet not less fre-
10	quently than 4 times per year to advance its mission and
11	fulfill its responsibilities.
12	(c) General Responsibilities.—The Council shall
13	be responsible for the following activities:
14	(1) Provide policy-level recommendations to
15	participating agencies on Global Health Security
16	Agenda (referred to in this section as "GHSA")
17	goals, objectives, and implementation.
18	(2) Facilitate interagency, multi-sectoral en-
19	gagement to carry out GHSA implementation.
20	(3) Provide a forum for raising and working to
21	resolve interagency disagreements concerning the
22	GHSA.
23	(4) Review the progress toward and work to re-

solve challenges in achieving United States commit-

ments under the GHSA, including commitments to

24

25

1	assist other countries in achieving the GHSA tar-
2	gets.
3	(5) In carrying out the responsibilities under
4	this subsection, the Council shall consider, among
5	other issues—
6	(A) the status of United States financial
7	commitments to the GHSA in the context of
8	commitments by other donors, and the con-
9	tributions of partner countries to achieve the
10	GHSA targets;
11	(B) the progress toward the milestones
12	outlined in the GHSA national plans for those
13	countries where the United States Government
14	has committed to assist in implementing the
15	GHSA and in annual work-plans outlining
16	agency priorities for implementing the GHSA;
17	and
18	(C) the external evaluations of United
19	States and partner country capabilities to ad-
20	dress infectious disease threats, including—
21	(i) the ability to achieve the targets
22	outlined within the World Health Organi-
23	zation's Joint External Evaluation tool;
24	and

1	(ii) gaps identified by such external
2	evaluations.
3	(d) Participation.—The Council shall consist of
4	representatives, serving at the Assistant Secretary level or
5	higher, from the following agencies:
6	(1) The Department of State.
7	(2) The Department of Defense.
8	(3) The Department of Justice.
9	(4) The Department of Agriculture.
10	(5) The Department of Health and Human
11	Services.
12	(6) The Department of Labor.
13	(7) The Department of Homeland Security.
14	(8) The Office of Management and Budget.
15	(9) The United States Agency for International
16	Development.
17	(10) The Environmental Protection Agency.
18	(11) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
19	vention.
20	(12) The Office of Science and Technology Pol-
21	icy.
22	(13) The National Institutes of Health.
23	(14) The National Institute of Allergy and In-
24	fectious Diseases.

1	(15) Such other agencies as the Council deter-
2	mines to be appropriate.
3	(e) Specific Roles and Responsibilities.—
4	(1) In general.—The heads of agencies re-
5	ferred to in subsection (d) shall—
6	(A) make the GHSA and its implementa-
7	tion a high priority within their respective agen-
8	cies and include GHSA-related activities within
9	their respective agencies' strategic planning and
10	budget processes;
11	(B) designate a senior-level official to be
12	responsible for the implementation of this Act;
13	(C) designate an appropriate representa-
14	tive at the Assistant Secretary level or higher to
15	participate on the Council;
16	(D) keep the Council apprised of GHSA-
17	related activities undertaken within their re-
18	spective agencies;
19	(E) maintain responsibility for agency-re-
20	lated programmatic functions in coordination
21	with host governments, country teams, and
22	GHSA in-country teams, and in conjunction
23	with other relevant agencies;
24	(F) coordinate with other agencies that are
25	identified in this section to satisfy pro-

1	grammatic goals, and further facilitate coordi-
2	nation of country teams, implementers, and do-
3	nors in host countries; and
4	(G) coordinate across GHSA national
5	plans and with GHSA partners to which the
6	United States is providing assistance.
7	(2) Additional roles and responsibil-
8	ITIES.—In addition to the roles and responsibilities
9	described in paragraph (1), the heads of the depart-
10	ments and agencies described in subsection (d) shall
11	carry out their respective roles and responsibilities
12	described in subsections (b) through (i) of section 3
13	of Executive Order 13747 (81 Fed. Reg. 78701; re-
14	lating to Advancing the Global Health Security
15	Agenda to Achieve a World Safe and Secure from
16	Infectious Disease Threats), as in effect on the day
17	before the date of the enactment of this Act.
18	SEC. 5. UNITED STATES COORDINATOR FOR GLOBAL
19	HEALTH SECURITY.
20	(a) In General.—The President shall appoint an in-
21	dividual to the position of United States Coordinator for
22	Global Health Security (referred to in this section as the
23	"Coordinator").
24	(b) Proposicioni impro The Coordinator chall be no
	(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Coordinator shall be re-

1	sponding to global health security emergencies, in coordi-
2	nation with the President's Special Coordinator for Inter-
3	national Disaster Assistance, as appropriate .
4	(c) Congressional Briefing.—Not less frequently
5	than twice each year, the Coordinator shall provide a brief-
6	ing to the appropriate congressional committees that de-
7	scribes how the Coordinator has been carrying out his or
8	her responsibilities and activities under this section.
9	SEC. 6. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
10	It is the sense of the Congress, given the complex
11	and multisectoral nature of global health threats to the
12	United States, that the President—
13	(1) should consider appointing an individual
14	with significant background and expertise in public
15	health or emergency response management to the
16	position of United States Coordinator for Global
17	Health Security, in accordance with section 5(a),
18	who is an employee of the National Security Council
19	at the level of Deputy Assistant to the President or
20	higher; and
21	(2) in providing assistance to implement the
22	strategy required under section 7(a), should—
23	(A) coordinate, through a whole-of-govern-
24	ment approach, the efforts of relevant Federal

1	departments and agencies to implement the
2	strategy;
3	(B) seek to fully utilize the unique capa-
4	bilities of each relevant Federal department and
5	agency while collaborating with and leveraging
6	the contributions of other key stakeholders; and
7	(C) utilize open and streamlined solicita-
8	tions to allow for the participation of a wide
9	range of implementing partners through the
10	most appropriate procurement mechanisms,
11	which may include grants, contracts, coopera-
12	tive agreements, and other instruments to the
13	extent necessary and appropriate.
14	SEC. 7. STRATEGY AND REPORTS.
15	(a) Strategy.—The United States Coordinator for
16	Global Health Security appointed pursuant to section 5(a)
17	shall coordinate the development and implementation of
18	a strategy to implement the policy described in section 3.
19	This strategy shall—
20	(1) set specific and measurable goals, bench-
21	marks, timetables, performance metrics, and moni-
22	toring and evaluation plans that reflect international
23	best practices relating to transparency, account-
24	ability, and global health security;

1	(2) support and be aligned with country-owned
2	global health security policy and investment plans
3	developed with input from key stakeholders, as ap-
4	propriate;
5	(3) facilitate communication and collaboration,
6	as appropriate, among local stakeholders in support
7	of a multi-sectoral approach to global health secu-
8	rity;
9	(4) support the long-term success of programs
10	by building the capacity of local organizations and
11	institutions in target countries and communities;
12	(5) develop community resilience to infectious
13	disease threats and emergencies;
14	(6) leverage resources and expertise through
15	partnerships with the private sector, health organi-
16	zations, civil society, nongovernmental organizations,
17	and health research and academic institutions; and
18	(7) support collaboration, as appropriate, be-
19	tween United States universities, and public and pri-
20	vate institutions in target countries and communities
21	to promote health security and innovation.
22	(b) COORDINATION.—The President, acting through
23	the United States Coordinator for Global Health Security,
24	shall coordinate, through a whole-of-government approach,
25	the efforts of relevant Federal departments and agencies

1	in the implementation of the strategy required under sub-
2	section (a) by—
3	(1) establishing monitoring and evaluation sys-
4	tems, coherence, and coordination across relevant
5	Federal departments and agencies; and
6	(2) establishing platforms for regular consulta-
7	tion and collaboration with key stakeholders and the
8	appropriate congressional committees.
9	(c) Strategy Submission.—
10	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
11	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
12	President, in consultation with the head of each rel-
13	evant Federal department and agency, shall submit
14	to the appropriate congressional committees the
15	strategy required under subsection (a), which shall
16	include a detailed description of how the United
17	States intends to advance the policy set forth in sec-
18	tion 3 and the agency-specific plans described in
19	paragraph (2).
20	(2) AGENCY-SPECIFIC PLANS.—The strategy re-
21	quired under subsection (a) shall include specific im-
22	plementation plans from each relevant Federal de-
23	partment and agency that describe—
24	(A) the anticipated contributions of the de-
25	partment or agency, including technical, finan-

1	cial, and in-kind contributions, to implement
2	the strategy; and
3	(B) the efforts of the department or agen-
4	cy to ensure that the activities and programs
5	carried out pursuant to the strategy are de-
6	signed to achieve maximum impact and long-
7	term sustainability.
8	(d) Annual Report.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
10	the date on which the strategy required under sub-
11	section (a) is submitted to the appropriate congres-
12	sional committees under subsection (c), and not later
13	than October 1 of each year thereafter, the Presi-
14	dent shall submit a report to the appropriate con-
15	gressional committees that describes the status of
16	the implementation of the strategy.
17	(2) Contents.—The report required under
18	paragraph (1) shall—
19	(A) identify any substantial changes made
20	in the strategy during the preceding calendar
21	year;
22	(B) describe the progress made in imple-
23	menting the strategy;
24	(C) identify the indicators used to establish
25	benchmarks and measure results over time, as

1	well as the mechanisms for reporting such re-
2	sults in an open and transparent manner;
3	(D) contain a transparent, open, and de-
4	tailed accounting of expenditures by relevant
5	Federal departments and agencies to implement
6	the strategy, including, to the extent prac-
7	ticable, for each Federal department and agen-
8	cy, the statutory source of expenditures,
9	amounts expended, partners, targeted popu-
10	lations, and types of activities supported;
11	(E) describe how the strategy leverages
12	other United States global health and develop-
13	ment assistance programs;
14	(F) assess efforts to coordinate United
15	States global health security programs, activi-
16	ties, and initiatives with key stakeholders;
17	(G) incorporate a plan for regularly review-
18	ing and updating strategies, partnerships, and
19	programs and sharing lessons learned with a
20	wide range of stakeholders, including key stake-
21	holders, in an open, transparent manner; and
22	(H) describe the progress achieved and any
23	challenges concerning the United States Gov-
24	ernment's ability to advance the Global Health

1	Security Agenda across priority countries, in-
2	cluding—
3	(i) data disaggregated by priority
4	country using indicators that are con-
5	sistent on a year-to-year basis; and
6	(ii) recommendations to resolve, miti-
7	gate, or otherwise address the challenges
8	identified under this subparagraph.
9	(e) FORM.—The strategy required under subsection
10	(a) and the report required under subsection (d) shall be
11	submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classi-
12	fied annex.
13	SEC. 8. COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOREIGN AID TRANS-
13 14	SEC. 8. COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOREIGN AID TRANS- PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF
14	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF
14 15	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and
14 15 16 17	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and
14 15 16 17	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22)
14 15 16 17	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22 U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended—
114 115 116 117 118	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22 U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22 U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at the end;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22 U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2016. Section 2(3) of the Foreign Aid Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–191; 22 U.S.C. 2394c note) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

SEC.	9.	DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act:
3	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
4	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
5	mittees" means—
6	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
7	the Senate;
8	(B) the Committee on Appropriations of
9	the Senate;
10	(C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
11	the House of Representatives; and
12	(D) the Committee on Appropriations of
13	the House of Representatives.
14	(2) GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY.—The term
15	"global health security" means activities supporting
16	epidemic and pandemic preparedness and capabili-
17	ties at the country and global levels in order to mini-
18	mize vulnerability to acute public health events that
19	can endanger the health of populations across geo-
20	graphical regions and international boundaries.
21	SEC. 10. SUNSET.
22	This Act (except for section 5) and the amendments
23	made by this Act shall cease to be effective on December
24	31, 2024.